

Chapter 6
Indian Removal
Study Guide

1. S _____ was a paper written by Jotham Meeker
2. Some one who is extreme in their beliefs is called F _____
3. An agreement is also called a T _____
4. Northeast most county in Kansas is D _____.
5. I _____ was a person who ran a reservation
6. Some one who is very firm in their beliefs are said to be S _____.
7. E _____ means the elimination of something, specifically Buffalo. They almost became Extinct.
8. The term C _____ to the missionary means to teach the white man's way of life to the Indians
9. A payment of goods or cash over a period of time is an A _____ This was provided to the Indians.
10. A _____ means to blend into or make like the rest.

Chronological Order: Place year that corresponds with these events. Then write them in chronological order from the earliest in history to what has happened the most recent.

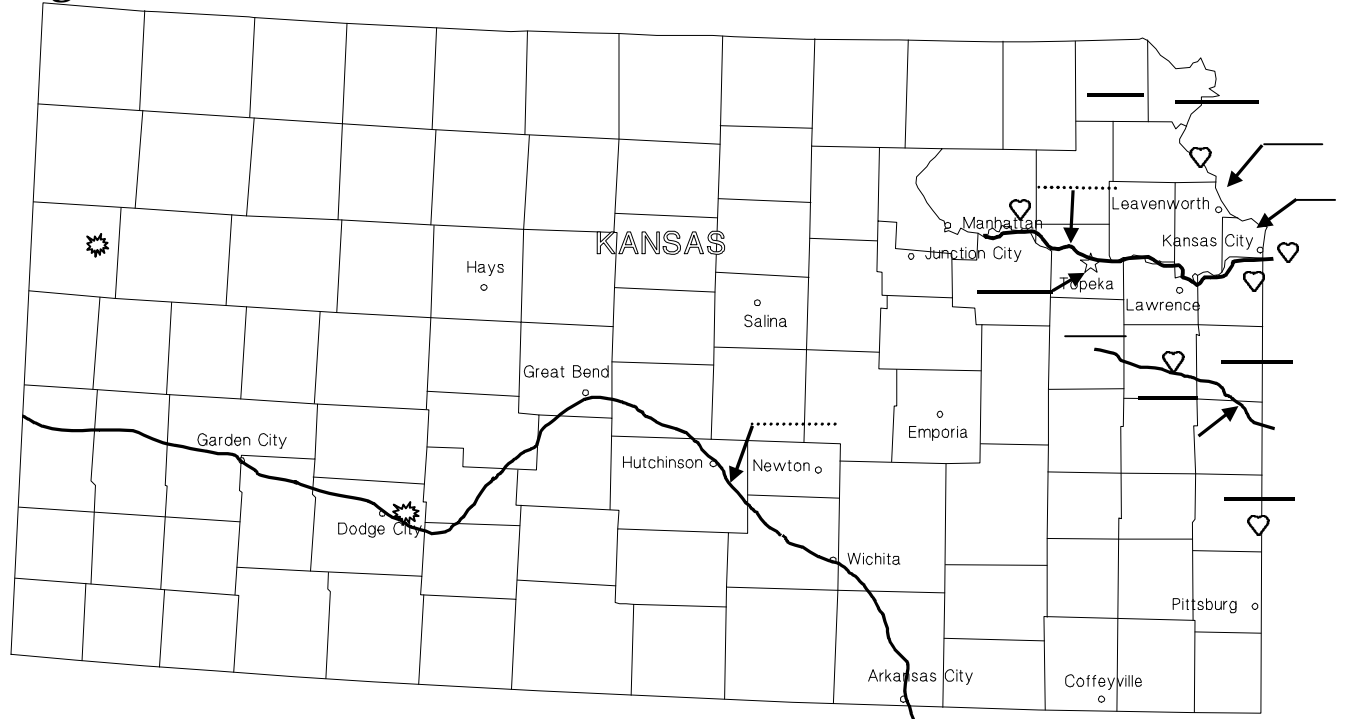
| Order | Year |
|---|---------------|
| _____ Kansas becomes a state M/D/Y | _____ , _____ |
| _____ Sand Creek Massacre | _____ |
| _____ Lincoln is elected to his first presidency | _____ |
| _____ Louisiana Purchase | _____ |
| _____ Kansas Nebraska Act | _____ |
| _____ Coronado visits the Wichita Indians near the Arkansas River | _____ |
| _____ Fort Scott is established as a Frontier out post | _____ |
| _____ Indian Removal Act established | _____ |
| _____ Civil War ends | _____ |
| _____ Indian's are removed from Kansas | _____ |

Place the word or words in the blanks that best fit each of the explanation.

19. _____ tried to civilize the Indian Tribes.
20. _____ is reported to have killed over 3000 buffalo for the railroad.
21. James Butler Hickok was a scout for (who) _____, and George _____, of the Seventh Cavalry.
22. At the Sand Creek Massacre _____ and his troops massacred a camp of Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians.
23. Today's Indian population in Kansas was approximately _____, according to the 1990 census. The 2000 census estimates the population to be _____
24. List all of the Indian Tribes with reservations of Kansas Today. (5)

25. The _____ faced mass extermination after the Great Hunt's and the Railroad went west.
26. In 1820's _____, a Baptist minister, thought that the Indians would like to live in Kansas.
27. _____ was the Superintendent of Indian affairs in the early 1800's.
28. Settlers and Governmental officials would cheat Indians out of _____, _____, _____, and _____.
29. The Shawnee Methodist Mission was supervised by _____ from 1839 to 1862. Johnson County gets it's name from him.
30. The _____ (Quakers) also started a mission among the Shawnee Indians.
31. _____, _____, _____, and _____ were places fort's were established to protect settlers from the Indians.
32. General Philip Sheridan attacked the _____ Indian tribe in October of 1868.
33. The Battle of _____ served to break the Indian resistance. It was in November of 1868. It was commanded by _____ and the _____ regiment.
34. The last major problems from the Indians were lead by _____ and _____, near Scott City, Kansas, when they left their reservation to travel to their new home land in _____.
35. Extermination of the buffalo was an attempt at _____ warfare.
36. _____ was the first Indian mission in Kansas.
37. The U.S. government saw three ways of dealing with the Indian problem _____ or _____
38. About what percent (%) of the Cherokee tribe died on the Trail of Tears _____% (convert the fraction to a percent)
39. About how many Native Americans lost their homes due to the Indian Removal Act of 1830 _____
40. _____ said Chief Justice John Marshall has made his decision now lets see him enforce it.
41. _____ was the Cheyenne Chief that lost his life at the Battle of Washita.
42. Name the three policies that were used to deal with the Indian problem

(Hint: they rhyme)



forts



= places



= counties



= rivers

- 43. Bourbon Co.
- 44. Wyandotte Co.
- 45. Miami Co.
- 46. Cheyenne Co.
- 47. Morton Co.
- 48. Cherokee Co.
- 49. Franklin Co.
- 50. Brown Co.
- 51. Shawnee Co.
- 52. Arkansas River

- 53. Kansas River
- 54. Marias des Cygne River
- 55. Fort Wallace
- 56. Fort Dodge
- 57. Fort Scott
- 58. Osawatomie
- 59. Shawnee Mission
- 60. St. Mary's
- 61. Independence Mo.
- 62. Atchison

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63. What was one of the reasons President Thomas Jefferson supported the Louisiana Purchase?
64. How much land was acquired by the U. S. in the Louisiana Purchase? _____
65. What was the price paid for the Louisiana Purchase? _____
66. What was the price per acre for the Louisiana Purchase? _____ per acre
67. In what decade was Indian removal initiated? _____
68. What governmental law was passed to insure Indians would be moved west? _____
69. Which U.S. President was most active in the process of Indian removal?
70. From 1825 to 1850 how many tribes had agreed to move to Kansas and the Indian Territory? _____
71. What are emigrant tribes? _____
72. What is a reservation?
73. The removal of the Cherokee tribe to western lands has been identified as the _____ of _____.
74. One out of every _____ Indians died on this trip from the southeastern United States.
75. What is the job description of an Indian agent?
76. Why couldn't the emigrant tribes get along in Kansas?
77. What were the purposes of the Indian missionaries in Kansas?
78. What was the first Indian mission in Kansas? _____
79. Where was the first Indian mission in Kansas located? Near _____
80. Isaac McCoy was a prominent _____ minister who strongly urged the federal government to _____ the Indians from the east into _____
81. Where is present-day Shawnee Mission? Near _____
82. Who brought the first printing press to Kansas? _____
83. What is the importance of a printing press to 1830 era Kansas?
84. What is identified as the Shawnee Indian Newspaper? _____
85. Who was the supervisor of the Shawnee Methodist mission for whom a county in northern Kansas is named? _____
86. List as many religious groups as you can that established missions in Kansas
87. What is "staunch resistance"?

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88. Indians were moved from the east to Kansas but eventually were moved from Kansas to other parts of the U.S. By what decade were the Indians in Kansas finally removed? _____
89. During which decade did the major warfare between Indians and whites breakout? _____
90. Who was responsible for the Sand Creek Massacre? _____
91. What tribes were involved in the Little Arkansas Treaty?
92. What were the Indians promised at the Little Arkansas Treaty?
93. What forts were built to protect travelers on the Smoky Hill Trail?
94. What fort was built to protect travelers along the western end of the Santa Fe Trail? _____
95. What tribes attended the Medicine Lodge meeting?
96. Who decided to initiate campaigns against the Indians during the winter? _____
97. What was the purpose of this strategy?
98. Which Indian vs. White battle helped break the Indian resistance in 1868? _____
99. Indians of the plains were upset about whites moving in and the enormous killing of _____
100. What was William F. Cody's nickname? _____
101. White hunters killed millions of _____
102. Buffalo meat was used by what industry? _____
103. Where in Kansas was the last physical conflict between Indians and U.S. Soldiers? _____
104. What is economic warfare?
105. What form of economic warfare did the white man use to eliminate the Indian?
106. What is the population of Kansas as of the 2000 census? _____
107. What is the Native American population of Kansas according to the 2000 census? _____
108. What percent of Kansas' citizens are Native American? _____
109. What is the northeastern most county in Kansas? _____
110. What is the southeastern most county in Kansas? _____
111. What is the northwestern most county in Kansas? _____
112. What is the southwestern most county in Kansas? _____
113. Name the Indian tribes that have reservations in Kansas